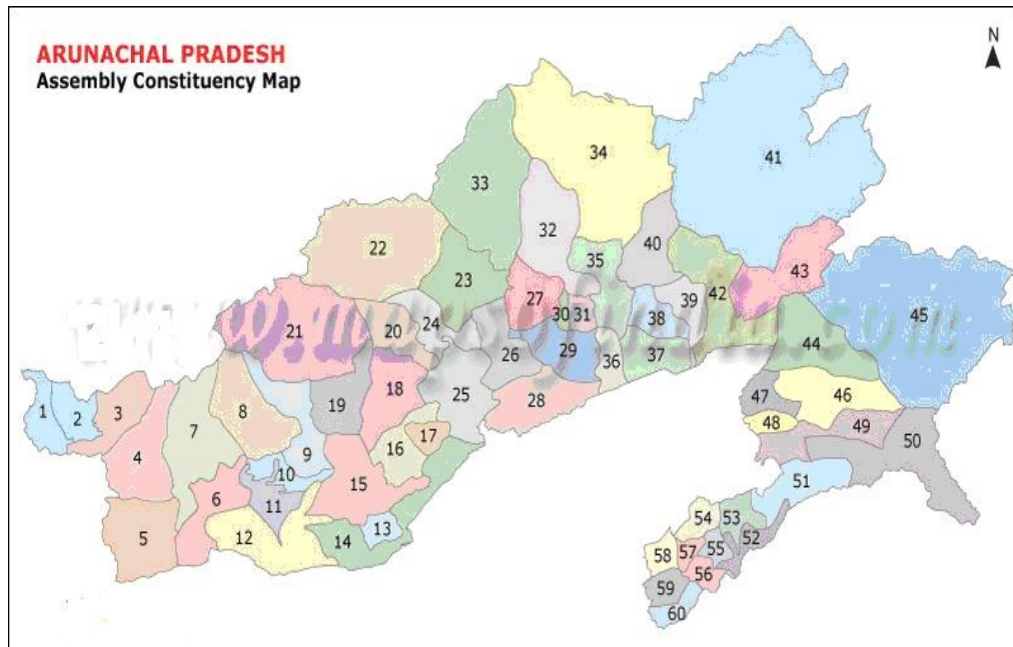




SYSTEMATIC VOTERS' EDUCATION AND ELECTORAL PARTICIPATION (SVEEP)



ACTION PLAN-II 2014

CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

ARUNACHAL PRADESH

CHAPTER-1

OVERVIEW

1.1. OUTLINE

Engaging all eligible citizens, in free and fair manner, in the democratic process is prime requisite for participative, informed, effective, and healthy democracy. The Election Commission of India (in short “Commission”) has recognized gradual decline in voters’ participation as a major challenge for the democracies across the globe including India. For addressing this concern, the Commission has initiated a national programme titled SVEEP (*Systematic Voters’ Education and Electoral Participation*) for higher and more informed electoral participation of citizens. SVEEP focuses on *information, motivation, and facilitation*.

In the state of Arunachal Pradesh, during the first phase of SVEEP, the focus has been to understand the challenges and limitations in the aspect of electoral participation. In this direction, a background study was conducted through experts. The study highlighted following areas for improvement in the voters’ participation:

1. *Involving other stakeholders like PRIs and village elders in creating awareness about revision schedule ;*
2. *The institutional setting of BLO needs more visibility;*
3. *More activities on educating the voters need to be organized at the field level;*
4. *Voter education and information activities need to be decentralized;*
5. *Effective grievance redressal mechanism needs to be put in place to build trust between the ECI and the voters.*

Keeping these in background, the state launched the SVEEP plan that has helped in two areas: increase in enrolment in young age voters significantly and deletion of names of those voters whose name features at more than two places in the roll(s). Now, the task is to engage these voters in the ensuing elections during 2014.

2014 is significant for Arunachal Pradesh, as it is scheduled to have both elections- General Elections to Lok Sabha in April/May 2014 and Assembly Elections during October, 2014. Hence, there is a need to enhance the participation of citizen in electoral process. Historically, Arunachal Pradesh has witnessed high voter turnout percentage of voting. In the last Assembly Elections (2009) 79.38% voter turnout was recorded and it was 68.16% in the 2009 Lok-Sabha Elections.

In the meanwhile, another background study was conducted during 2013 which primarily focused on *knowledge, attitude, behavior, belief, and practices* concerning electoral participation in the state. This study highlighted:

1. *With the growth in urban population, the campaign needs to target the urban centres strategically;*
2. *Focus has to be on those instruments, like EPIC, name in voter list, location of booth, facilities at booth, knowledge of BLO, schedule of election etc. which guarantees the actual participation;*
3. *Designing campaigns to promote ethical voting;*
4. *Security needs to be in focus to enhance the participation.*

1.2 OBJECTIVE:

These findings have necessitated to revisit the existing SVEEP plan for the state and to come out with its second phase keeping 2014 in focus, the election year for the state. This plan will intend to achieve the following:

- (1) *Creation of error-free electoral rolls;*
- (2) *inclusion of all eligible citizen, especially young ones, in the rolls;*
- (3) *popularize the aspects of ethical voting and its essentiality in the electoral process;*
- (4) *institutional intervention in the background of socio-cultural setting with a long-term perspective;*
- (5) *neutralize the general urban apathy in registration process as well as voter turnout;*
- (6) *target an increase in voter turnout in the identified low turnout polling stations and overall increase in turnout to minimum 85%;*
- (7) *increase in Postal voting by facilitating and educating service voters and employees;*
- (8) *100% EPIC and Photo Electoral Roll before the Lok Sabha Elections; and*
- (9) *enhance the quality of electoral participation in terms of informed, ethical, and inducement free voting.*

This Plan is structured in four chapters: *first*, general profile and electoral profile of the state; *second*, challenges; *third*, specific activities with time line; and *fourth*, monitoring & evaluation.

CHAPTER -2

2.1 GENERAL PROFILE

Arunachal Pradesh, erstwhile North-East Frontier Agency (NEFA), is strategically located in the North East corner of the country. Its coordinates are: Latitude: 26° 28' N and 29° 30 ' N Longitude: 91° 30' E and 97° 30' E. It shares three international boundaries: Bhutan in the west (160 km), China to the north and northeast (1,080 km) and Myanmar to the east (440 km). The largest amongst the northeastern states, the state shares its southern boundaries with Assam and Nagaland. The political boundaries combined with topographic conditions make the state quite significant from the perspective of democratic traditions. Inhabited by diverse tribal communities- 26 major tribes and 110 minor tribes – Arunachal Pradesh is amazing location of microcosm of plural traditions of the country. In the recent linguistic survey, it has revealed that the state has 72 living languages.

In an area of 83743 sq. km., Arunachal Pradesh has a presence of 13,82,611 people(Census, 2011). This gives a population density of 17, lowest in the country. Some of the districts in the state are having single digit density with lowest at ONE in Dibang Valley district. Unlike Mizoram, the state has not witnessed rapid urbanization; and this assumes significance as almost 75% population continues to reside in rural areas. Sex ratio is 920, that needs to be seen from the perspective of presence of security forces being a border state. The literacy rate is 67%.

Administratively, the state is divided into 17 districts; 35 ADCs (independent); 11 sub-divisions; 26 EACs; and 119 circles. There are 27 statutory towns and 3863 inhabited villages in the state. Unlike a large number of states in the country, the revenue administration does not have presence of village level functionaries as the ownership of land in rural areas recognized to be with the local communities.

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18 YEARS OLD**

Table 2.1: Distribution of Population, Decadal Growth Rate, Sex-Ratio and Population Density (CENSUS, 2011)

District Code	State/ District	Population 2011			Percentage decadal growth rate of population		Sex-Ratio (Number of Females per 1000 males)		Population density per sq. km.	
		Persons	Male	Female	1991-01	2001-11	2001	2011	2001	2011
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Arunachal Pradesh	1382611	720232	662379	27.00	25.92	893	920	13	17
01	Tawang	49950	29361	20589	37.60	28.33	782	701	18	23
02	West Kameng	87013	49568	37445	32.22	16.64	754	755	10	12
03	East Kameng	78413	38974	39439	13.46	37.14	985	1012	14	19
04	Papumpare	176385	90447	85938	67.56	44.57	901	950	35	51
05	Upper Subansiri	83205	41974	41231	10.50	50.34	960	982	8	12
06	West Siang	112272	58589	53683	15.55	8.04	912	916	12	13
07	East Siang	99019	50467	48552	21.61	13.30	931	962	24	27
08	Upper Siang	35289	18657	16632	20.10	5.77	848	891	5	5
09	Changlang	147951	77289	70662	31.29	17.96	906	914	27	32
10	Tirap	111997	57992	54005	17.33	11.63	910	931	42	47
11	Lower Subansiri	82839	41935	40904	29.15	48.65	960	975	16	24
12	<u>Kurung Kumey</u>	89717	44226	45491	6.24	111.01	1013	1029	7	15
13	Dibang Valley	7948	4396	3552	17.65	9.30	697	808	1	1
14	<u>Lower Dibang Valley</u>	53986	28127	25859	36.76	7.01	858	919	13	14
15	Lohit	145538	76544	68994	35.10	16.44	863	901	24	28
16	<u>Aniaw</u>	21089	11686	9403	7.84	13.77	816	805	3	3

Note: districts formed after 2001 census have been underlined

GET EPIC
EPIC IS YOUR
“IDENTIFICATION”

Table 2.2: Administrative divisions (2001, 2011)

Number of administrative units

State/ District Code	State/ District	2001				2011			
		No. of Circles	No. of Towns		Villages *	No. of Circles	No. of Towns		Villages *
			Statutory Towns	Census Towns			Statutory Towns	Census Towns	
12	Arunachal Pradesh	149	-	17	4,065	188	26	1	5,589
01	Tawang	7	-	1	189	10	1	-	235
02	West Kameng	10	-	1	220	13	2	1	285
03	East Kameng	10	-	1	326	13	1	-	384
04	Papum Pare	9	-	2	283	15	3	-	485
05	Upper Subansiri	11	-	1	415	15	1	-	551
06	West Siang	20	-	2	407	21	2	-	461
07	East Siang	12	-	1	145	15	2	-	151
08	Upper Siang	10	-	-	99	11	1	-	112
09	Changlang	11	-	2	342	15	3	-	362
10	Tirap	8	-	2	167	11	3	-	190
11	Lower Subansiri	17	-	1	704	8	1	-	575
12	Kurung Kumey	-	-	-	-	14	1	-	737
13	Dibang Valley	10	-	1	246	5	1	-	142
14	Lower Dibang Valley	-	-	-	-	6	1	-	314
15	Lohit	14	-	2	522	8	2	-	300
16	Anjaw	-	-	-	-	8	1	-	305

* includes un-inhabited villages

2.2. ELECTORAL PROFILE

Arunachal Pradesh has all tiers of democratically elected functionaries: parliament; assembly; and local bodies (PRIs/ULBs). This indicates that people have been taking part in the electoral process at the grassroots level.

After the final publication of electoral rolls for 56 constituencies (four will be published on 7th February 2014), the state has taken good steps in ensuring more participation of young population and purification of roll by deleting ineligible voters.

Table 2.3 ELECTORAL ROLLS, 2014*

Total Population of the State (Projected 2014)	1390424
Total Electors – 2014	704345
Men	353248
Women	351097
E.P. Ratio	507
18-19 Age Group	28402
Gender Ratio	994
EPIC Percentage	98.07%
Service Voters	1670
Parliamentary Constituencies	2 (Two) Nos
Assembly Constituencies	60 (Sixty) Nos
Polling Stations.	2158 Nos

*Excluding Kurung Kumey district

2.3 E.P. RATIO

As per the final electoral roll of 2014, the E.P. ratio of the State is 50.7% against normative/expected ratio of 57%, the % people in above 18 years age category (census, 2011).

Table 2.4 YEAR WISE E.P. RATIO.

Year	Electors	E.P. Ratio
2011	718244	497
2012	714369	499
2013	741828	507
2014	704345	507*

*Excluding Kurung Kumey district

The analyses of E:P ratio at the district level (Annexure I) indicates that West Kameng, Upper Subansiri, West Siang, Upper Siang, East Siang and Tirap districts have E.P. ratio above the state ratio. Tawang, East Kameng, Papumpare, Lower Subansiri, Dibang Valley, Lower Dibang Valley, Lohit, Anjaw, and Changlang districts have E.P. ratio below the state average of 50.70%.

There are 25 Assembly Constituencies below the average of E.P. ratio of the State. Assembly Constituencies falling in the District of Tawang, Papumpare, Lower Subansiri, Dibang Valley, Lower Dibang Valley, Lohit, Anjaw and Changlang contribute to low E.P. ratio. The main reasons attributed to low E.P. ratio are as follows:-

1. Presence of large number of refugees included in census figure such as Chakma, Hajongs, Tibetans who may not be included in electoral rolls for not fulfilling the requisite criterion.
2. Armed Forces posted in the state are included in the Census figures, while they are not enrolled as voters locally.
3. Presence of large number of migrant/floating populations (mostly labourers) from neighboring states who may not be registered as voters in this state.
4. There is also element of growing urban apathy.

2.4. GENDER RATIO

The Gender ratio as per the 2014 Roll is 994 (Annexure II). This seems quite healthy. District West Kameng Papumpare, Upper Siang, Lower Dibang Valley, Lohit, Changlang and Tirap have gender ratio below the State average. In Lohit district, the gender ratio is the lowest at 904. 30 Assembly Constituencies have gender ratio more than the average gender ratio of 994. The A.C with highest gender ratio is 22-Nacho with 1184 followed by 15-Sagalee and 23-Taliha with 1174 and 1158 gender ratio respectively.

2.5 VOTER TURNOUT

In Arunachal Pradesh, voter turnout has been traditionally very high. In recent times, the lowest voter turnout was recorded in Parliamentary and Assembly Elections in 2004. The voter turn out in Assembly Elections is higher than the Lok-Sabha Elections.

Table 2.5: VOTER TURNOUT

Sl. No.	Elections	1995	1999	2004	2009
1	Assembly	81.21%	68.49%	67.38%	79.38
2	Lok-Sabha	59.29% (1998)	72.15%	56.06%	68.16%

From the above table it is seen that voter turnout in Assembly election is higher than Lok-Sabaha election. Percentage of voter turnout in last Parliamentary and Assembly Elections is 68.16% and 79.38% respectively. In parliamentary Elections, Tawang with 84.85% had recorded the highest voter turnout (Annexure III). Lower Subansiri (55.33%), Papumpare (62.21%), Upper Subansiri (62.37%) and East kameng (67.23%) and West Kameng (67.71%) districts recorded the voter turnout less than the state average.

During the Assembly Elections, 40 Assembly constituencies recorded high voter turnout above 80% (Annexure IV). Highest Voter turnout recorded was 92.34% in 11-Seppa West (ST) A.C. In 16 Assembly constituencies, it was below the state average. 13-Itanagar(ST) recorded the lowest voter turnout. This could be because of the presence of non-existent voters. The percentage of turnout of voters is low in urban areas. It is also interesting to note that maximum Assembly Constituency had more women voter turnout (79.81% against 75.16% male).

Further analysis reveals that most of the Polling Stations those recorded the lowest voter turnout are located in Urban areas (Annexure V). Low urban participation in election can be attributed to lack of interest in electoral process/busy life style, lack of motivation, internal migration within the town, presence of non-existent voters (dead, duplicate, shifted).



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UNDERSTANDING THE BARRIERS

3.1 CHALLENGES

1. Topography: The terrain in Arunachal Pradesh poses mountainous challenges for successful participation in the electoral process.
2. Communication: Poor road density and hostile terrain make communication (physical, network and telecom) as the biggest challenge. As against the national average of 73 km road per 100 sq. km, the state has only 21.9 km. Out of 3863 villages, only 1743 are connected by road.
3. Mobility of voters: Absence of decentralized amenities has seen the mobility of young and working age population towards the district headquarters and urban locations.
4. Imaginary constituencies: It is a fact that a number of voters prefer to physically stay in urban centres, but continues as part of the electoral rolls in their home constituencies.
5. Diversity in Communication: With 72 living languages, the state has diversity in communication. English is recognized as the first language of the state. However, Hindi and Assamese work as connecting languages in most of the locations.
6. Limited Institutional Capacity: The transition from traditional system to modern system is an ongoing process in the state. The institutions are still taking roots. Building capacity of these institutions in sustained manner is a challenge.
7. Security Scenario: With the lowest police density of 8.9 per 100 sq. km area in the country, that too in highly inaccessible terrain, security has been a concern. Unsettled state boundaries between Assam and the state often cause apprehension in terms of mobility of manpower and resources.

3.2 STRATEGIES

1. Designing localized approaches
2. Focus on technology to override the communication constraints
3. Assessing the strength and mainstreaming these in the Plan
4. Constantly evolving the Plan
5. Transparency in interventions
6. No compromise on core values

CHAPTER- 4

ACTION

4.1 INSTITUTIONAL DESIGN

The State SVEEP Core Committee headed by the CEO and the District Core committee headed by the DEO have been constituted to supervise the implementation of SVEEP Plan. Following State Level Committee works to guide and supervise the activities taken up under SVEEP programme:

1.	CEO	Chairman
2.	Joint CEO	Member
3.	Deputy CEO	Member
4.	Director, Women & Child Development	Member
5.	Director, Secondary Education	Member
6.	Director, Primary Education	Member
7.	Director, Technical & Higher Education	Member
8.	Director, Information and Public Relations	Member
9.	A representative from Private Media	Member
10.	A representative from DDK	Member
11.	A representative from AIR	Member

4.2 ENGAGING AGENCIES

The SVEEP action plan of the ECI envisages working with partners, in implementation as well as in planning process, from various agencies/state government departments for inclusion and participation of all sections of the society. The illustrative details, in the context of the state, are as follows:

Sl. No.	Department	Role
1.	Women & Child Development	Anganwadi workers can be engaged as BLOs. Deptt. Can also bring interface between its workers, NGOs and the women workers.
2.	Educational Institutions	Maximum of the BLOs and Designated Officers are appointed from teachers. Lectures are appointed as Campus Ambassadors under SVEEP Programmes. Schools/Colleges under Education Deptt. Can be used for disseminating the information of electoral process. The Deptt. Can help in organizing camps for enrolment of young voters and other activities for voter turnout. National Literacy Mission for popularization.
3.	Information and Public Relations.	Co-ordination with various media agencies and advise on advertisement and press notices.
4.	Print Media-	Advising in campaign design, awareness module on print media.
5.	Doordarshan	Voter awareness and campaigns for registration, general information on election related matters.
6.	All India Radio	Voter awareness and campaigns for registration, general information on election

	related matters.
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4.3 CAMPUS AMBASSADORS

As per the instructions of the Commission, following Campus Ambassadors have been appointed for SVEEP – Programme:

Sl. No.	Name of Campus Ambassador
1	Dr. Nani Tamang Jose, Dy. Registrar(Exam.), Rajiv Gandhi University, Doimukh
2	Shri Toko Shama, Public Relation & Liaison Officer (PR&LO), North Easter Regional Institute of Science & Technology, Nirjuli.
3	Dr. Abhijit Talukdar, Lecturer(HT), Rajiv Gandhi Govt. Polytechnic Institute, Itanagar.
4	Sri Limo Ete. Asstt. Professor, Deptt. Of Political Science, D.P. Govt. College, Kamki, West Siang Dist
5	Dr. A.K. Mishra, Associate professor and Head of Deptt. of Political Science, T.G. D. College, Deomali.
6	Dr. Techu Upen Tara, Asstt. Prof. (Hindi), Govt. College, Yachuli,
7	Shri Tagio Kodak, Asstt. Professor (Political Science), Govt. College, Daporijo, Upper Subansiri Dist.
8	Dr. Anup Sharma, Director, Itanagar, North East Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Vivek Vihar, Itanagar
9	Dr. Bijay Raji, Dera Natung College, Itanagar

4.4 STRATEGY TO ENHANCE VOTER TURNOUT

1. Prior to announcement of election : Activities to enhance the registration of all eligible voters with special focus on youth, women and marginalized section of the society.
2. Voter education after announcement of election more campaign will involve.
 - (i) Time and date of Election
 - (ii) Location of the Polling Station.
 - (iii) Polling and Poll day security measures.
 - (iv) Strict implementation of Model code of Conduct
 - (v) Provisions of expenditure monitoring
 - (vi) Candidates, Profile through publication of Affidavits on website and notice boards
 - (vii) Publicity campaigns through posters, leaflets, banners, RWAs, NGOs and CSOs.

4.5 FACILITATION OF VOTERS

1. **SMS Facility :** People can check their names in the electoral roll through SMS service by dialing 1950 on their mobile phone. This service was launched in February, 2013.
2. **Web site :** (www.ceoarunnachal.nic.in) : the current Status of registration, status of application and search facilities are available on the website apart from other data facilitating the citizens about registration process. The full E/Roll in Draft and final shape are also published in the website.
3. **Online Registration:** On line registrations are accepted by the EROs.
4. **Polling Stations:** Polling Stations coordinates have been marked on Google map to facilitate people to know the location of their Polling stations.
5. **Polling Stations facilities :** Arrangements will be made at polling stations to facilitate pleasant experience for voters. All arrangements such as sheds, ramps, restrooms, toilets, proper light arrangement, drinking water will be made.
6. Registration of left out voters to continue till the last date of filing of nominations of candidates under the provisions of continuous updation.
7. **Common Service Centres:** Steps are being taken to facilitate registration of voters through CSCs.
8. Arrangements will be made to distribute Voters' Slip on time as per direction of ECI.

4.6 MEDIA AND CAMPAIGN PLAN FOR 2014 ELECTIONS.

The communication/information materials will be prepared addressing the issues of voter registration, low voter turn out, ethical voting and important information to voters/general public about the candidates and certain processes wherever appropriate. The communication materials will be used to spread the information/message of places of public interface such as markets, educational institutions, post offices, banks etc.

4.6.1 MULTI MEDIA CAMPAIGN

Media campaign will be launched before LS elections to encourage the electors to come out and vote.

(i) **Print media:**

The awareness campaigns through news papers will be launched in the run up to the LS elections to inform voters regarding DOs and DONTs.

(ii) **Outdoor Media:**

An outdoor campaign will be launched. The medium of the outdoor campaign shall be bus shelters and hoardings/pamphlets at strategic locations.

4.6.2 CONTACT BASED ACTIVITIES.

Sl. No.	Name of activity	Location of activities	Target group
1	Campaign for women and youth	State/District	Women/Youth
2.	Rallies/Events with youth Icon/Other celebrities	State/District	Youth
3.	Essay/Painting/Posters painting competitions	State/District	Youth
4.	Meeting with CSO	District	Public apathy
5	Human chain/rallies	District	Public

4.6.3 Media Campaign.

Sl.No.	Activity/Publicity	Media mode	Period/Frequency of activity
1	Outdoor Media campaign	Bus shelter	From 5 th February, 2014
		Public utility Posters & Leaflets	From 5 th February, 2014.
2	Radio Jingles	FM/AIR	From 20 th March, 2014.
3	Advertisement regarding SMS facilities	News papers	From 10 th February, 2014
4	Advertisements	News Papers	From 10 th February, 2014

(iii) Electronic Media:

In the final wave of the publicity, electronic media will be used along with print and outdoor media for around 15 days prior to the LS elections. There will be campaigns through FM channels, television channels (DD).

(iv) USE Icons:

Famous personalities in their spare of activities have been identified and used as ICON to spread awareness about electoral participation.

(v) Democracy Buses:

Democracy buses with specific messages/slogans/posters will run across all districts to create awareness among general public and targeted groups regarding right of electors including the use of NOTA.

4.7 District level SVEEP Activities/Events Calendar, 2014.

District	Ac. No.	February, 2014	March, 2014
Tawang West Kameng, East Kameng Papumpare.	A.C. No. 1,2,3,4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15.	1.Essay /Drawing Competitions. Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	1.Special Campaign for youth and women Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C
		2.Meeting with RWAS/ CSO/Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness campaign for Women and Youth 4.Camps at School and colleges. Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	2.Meeting with RAWS/CSO/Local Panchayat Bodies. 3.Awareness camps at School and colleges. 4.Rallies Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C
Lower Subansiri Kurung Kumey Upper Subansiri West Siang	A.C. No., 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33.	1.Essay /Drawing Competitions. Venue : (To be fixed at Each A.C.) Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	1.Special Campaign for youth and women Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C
		2.Meeting with RWAS/ CSO/Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness campaign for Women and Youth 4.Camps at School and colleges Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	2.Meeting with RAWS/CSO/Local Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness camps at School and colleges 4.Rallies Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C
Upper Siang Dibang Valley Lower Dibang Vallaey	A.C. No, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44,45, 46, 47, 48	1.Essay /Drawing Competitions. Venue : (To be fixed at Each A.C.)	1.Special Campaign for youth and women

Lohit, Anjaw		2.Meeting with RWAS/CSO/Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness campaign for Women and Youth 4.Camps at School and colleges. Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	2.Meeting with RAWS/CSO/Local Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness camps at School and colleges 4.Rallies Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C
Changlang Tirap	A.C. No . 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54,, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 60.	1.Essay /Drawing Competitions. Venue : (To be fixed at Each A.C.)	1.Special Campaign for youth and women
		2.Meeting with RWAS/CSO/Panchayat Bodies 3.Awareness campaign for Women and Youth On 20.2.2014. 4.Camps at School and colleges Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C	2.Meeting with RAWS/CSO/Local Panchayat Bodies on 3.Awareness camps at School and colleges. 4.Rallies Venue and date to be fixed at each A/C



CHAPTER - 5

MONITORING & EVALUATION

Implementation of the programme shall be monitored consequently at State level and district level by the CEO and the DEOs respectively. Regular meeting with the DEOs, Partners agencies will be conducted for review of the programme.

Targeted interventions carried at PS level and various indentified gaps shall be assessed/ evaluated by the CEO and the DEOs. The DEOs shall evaluate the interventions carried out in their district and submit a documented report to the CEO within a month of closing of Polls. They shall focus on the following in the report:

- 1) Analysis of the registration ahead of polls
- 2) Analysis of the comparative turn out amongst women, urban and youth voters.
- 3) Analysis of the comparative turn out in the identified 10% of the lowest turnout polling Stations.

A documented report to the Commission will be submitted within a period of two months of polls.

Based on these experiences, next phase of SVEEP will be put in place in June, 2014 targeting October/ November, 2014 Assembly Elections in the state.

:: TAKE YOUR PLEDGE TODAY::

“ We the citizens of India having abiding faith in democracy, hereby pledge to uphold the democratic traditions of our country and the dignity of free, fair and peaceful elections, and to vote in every election fearlessly and without being influenced by considerations of religion, race, caste, community, language or any inducement.”

Name Of District	No. & Name of Assembly Constituency		E.P. Ration in the E/Roll, 2014
1	2	3	4
Tawang	1	Lumla (ST)	556
	2	Tawang (ST)	400
	3	Mukto (ST)	476
		Total	463
West Kameng	4	Dirang (ST)	645
	5	Kalaktang (ST)	498
	6	Thrizino-Buragaon (ST)	404
	7	Bomdila (ST)	567
		Total	510
East Kameng	8	Bameng (ST)	694
	9	Chayangtajo(ST)	602
	10	Seppa East (ST)	369
	11	Seppa West (ST)	774
	12	Pakke-Kessang (ST)	343
		Total	496
Papum Pare	13	Itanagar (ST)	459
	14	Doimukh (ST)	514
	15	Sagalee (ST)	497
		Total	477
L/Subansiri	16	Yachuli (ST)	437
	17	Ziro-Hapoli (ST)	494
		Total	468
U/Subansiri	22	Nacho (ST)	645
	23	Taliha(ST)	776
	24	Daporijo(ST)	407
	25	Raga(ST)	662
	26	Dumporijo(ST)	534
		Total	556
West Siang	27	Liromoba(ST)	827
	28	Likabali(ST)	693
	29	Basar(ST)	754
	30	Along West(ST)	972
	31	Along East(ST)	437
	32	Rumgong(ST)	777
	33	Mechuka(ST)	813
		Total	711
Upper Siang.	34	Tuting-Yingkiong(ST)	539
	40	Mariyang-Geku(ST)	680
		Total	597
East Siang.	35	Panging(ST)	658
	36	Nari Koyu(ST)	701
	37	Pasighat West(ST)	569

	38	Pasighat East(ST)	512
	39	Mebo(ST)	658
		Total	590
Dibang Valley	41	Anini(ST)	478
		Total	478
L/Dibang Valley	42	Dambuk(ST)	433
	43	Roing(ST)	411
		Total	421
Lohit	44	Tezu(ST)	178
	46	Chowkham(ST)	184
	47	Namsai(ST)	211
	48	Lekang(ST)	241
		Total	425
Anjow	45	Hayuliang.(ST)	485
		Total	485
Changlang	49	Bordumsa- Diyum*	224
	50	Miao(ST)	421
	51	Nampong(ST)	434
	52	Changlang South(ST)	591
	53	Changlang North(ST)	467
		Total	352
Tirap	54	Namsang(ST)	656
	55	Khonsa East(ST)	635
	56	Khonsa West(ST)	629
	57	Borduria- Bogapani(ST)	601
	58	Kanubari(ST)	793
	59	Longding-Pumao(ST)	434
	60	Pongchao-Wakka.(ST)	620
		Total	608
State Total			506

Annexure II

Name Of District	No. & Name of Assembly Constituency		Sex Ratio, 2014	Census Gender Ratio of district, 2014
1	2			4
Tawang	1	Lumla (ST)	1060	782
	2	Tawang (ST)	968	
	3	Mukto (ST)	1070	
		Total	1026	
West Kameng	4	Dirang (ST)	979	755
	5	Kalaktang (ST)	930	
	6	Thrizino-Buragaon (ST)	896	
	7	Bomdila (ST)	931	
	Total	933		
East Kameng	8	Bameng (ST)	1169	985
	9	Chayangtajo(ST)	1124	
	10	Seppa East (ST)	1086	
	11	Seppa West (ST)	1125	
	12	Pakke-Kessang (ST)	1172	
	Total	1132		
Papum Pare	13	Itanagar (ST)	857	901
	14	Doimukh (ST)	1044	
	15	Sagalee (ST)	1174	
	Total	937		
L/Subansiri	16	Yachuli (ST)	1106	963
	17	Ziro-Hapoli (ST)	1075	
	Total	1088		
U/Subansiri	22	Nacho (ST)	1185	959
	23	Taliha(ST)	1163	
	24	Daporijo(ST)	1084	
	25	Raga(ST)	1114	
	26	Dumporijo(ST)	1076	
	Total	1117		
West Siang	27	Liromoba(ST)	1076	912
	28	Likabali(ST)	992	
	29	Basar(ST)	1012	
	30	Along West(ST)	1079	
	31	Along East(ST)	932	
	32	Rumgong(ST)	1058	
	33	Mechuka(ST)	1128	
	Total	1034		
Upper Siang.	34	Tuting-Yingkiong(ST)	935	848
	40	Mariyang-Geku(ST)	996	
	Total	963		

East Siang.	35	Panging(ST)	1003	931
	36	Nari Koyu(ST)	1039	
	37	Pasighat West(ST)	1072	
	38	Pasighat East(ST)	984	
	39	Mebo(ST)	1032	
		Total	1019	
Dibang Valley	41	Anini(ST)	1017	697
		Total	1017	
L/Dibang Valley	42	Dambuk(ST)	1033	858
	43	Roing(ST)	913	
		Total	969	
Lohit	44	Tezu(ST)	924	863
	46	Chowkham(ST)	862	
	47	Namsai(ST)	902	
	48	Lekang(ST)	921	
		Total	904	
Anjow	45	Hayuliang.(ST)	993	805
		Total	993	
Changlang	49	Bordumsa- Diyum*	858	907
	50	Miao(ST)	955	
	51	Nampong(ST)	923	
	52	Changlang South(ST)	976	
	53	Changlang North(ST)	896	
		Total	915	
Tirap	54	Namsang(ST)	912	928
	55	Khonsa East(ST)	899	
	56	Khonsa West(ST)	1011	
	57	Borduria- Bogapani(ST)	1008	
	58	Kanubari(ST)	944	
	59	Longding-Pumao(ST)	1028	
	60	Pongchao-Wakka.(ST)	979	
		Total	967	
Total	State		993	904

Annexure III

Name of District	Name of Assembly Segment		Voter Turn Out			
			Male	Female	Total	Percentage
1	2		3	4	5	6
Tawang	1	Lumla	3195	3471	6666	84.09
	2	Tawang	3681	3708	7389	76.78
	3	Mukto	3142	3319	6461	97.47
		District Total	10018	10498	20516	84.85
West Kameng	4	Dirang	4576	4580	9156	70.47
	5	Kalaktang	3202	2935	6137	70.33
	6	Thrizino-Buragaon	5080	4322	9402	66.21
	7	Bomdila	3608	3479	7087	64.33
		District Total	16466	15316	31782	67.71
East Kameng	8	Bameng	3096	2691	5787	63.57
	9	Chyangtajo	2541	2423	4964	60.68
	10	Seppa (East)	3553	4342	7895	64.52
	11	Seppa (West)	2420	2448	4868	81.38
	12	Pakke-Kessang	2202	2260	4462	73.02
		District Total	13812	14164	27976	67.23
Papumpare	13	Itanagar	17617	16902	34519	61.88
	14	Doimukh	7444	7390	14834	59.01
	15	Sagalee	4040	4339	8379	70.52
		District Total	29101	28631	57732	62.21
Lower Subansiri	16	Yachuli	5654	5796	11450	69.54
	17	Ziro-Hapoli	5077	5810	10887	45.54
		District Total	10731	11606	22337	55.33
Kurung Kumey	18	Palin	5234	5797	11031	92.22
	19	Nyapin	3073	3433	6506	71.82
	20	Tali	3489	3614	7103	84.77
	21	Koloriang	3401	3331	6732	71.94
		District Total	15197	16175	31372	80.95
Upper Subansiri	22	Nacho	2828	2939	5767	60.32
	23	Taliha	2670	2444	5114	61.60
	24	Daporijo	4879	5302	10181	58.31
	25	Raga	5555	5809	11364	64.91
	26	Dumporijo	4239	4097	8336	66.54
		District Total	20171	20591	40762	62.37
West Siang	27	Liromoba	3994	3571	7565	64.25
	28	Likabali	3488	3145	6633	67.92
	29	Basar	5714	5295	11009	65.69
	30	Along (West)	3750	3606	7356	64.71
	31	Along (East)	4275	3750	8025	62.72
	32	Rumgong	3711	3478	7189	62.77
	33	Mechuka	2573	2658	5231	60.78
Upper Siang	34	Yingkiong-Tuting	3912	3535	7447	42.00
	40	Mariyang	4114	3850	7964	50.00

		District Total	8026	7385	15411	73.72
East Siang	35	Pangin	4614	4186	8800	70.81
	36	Nari-Koyu	2407	2321	4728	70.78
	37	Pasighat(West)	4382	4623	9005	73.26
	38	Pasighat(East)	6502	6424	12926	64.04
	39	Mebo	3834	3802	7636	72.97
		District Total	21739	21356	43095	69.45
Dibang Valley	41	Anini	1336	1295	2631	71.55
		District Total	1336	1295	2631	71.55
Lower Dibang Valley	42	Dambuk	4087	4008	8095	78.21
	43	Roing	3816	3424	7240	67.66
		District Total	7903	7432	15335	72.85
Lohit	44	Tezu	5946	5640	11586	74.94
	46	Chowkham	4380	3729	8109	63.02
	47	Namsai	6854	6230	13084	69.00
	48	Lekang	5214	4961	10175	72.00
		District Total	22394	20560	42954	69.93
Anjaw	45	Hayuliang	4071	4044	8115	84.39
		District Total	4071	4044	8115	84.39
Changlang	49	Bordumsa-Diyun	5892	4842	10734	70.84
	50	Miao	6160	5522	11682	64.08
	51	Nampong	3247	2929	6176	80.99
	52	Changlang(South)	2054	1831	3885	85.18
	53	Changlang(North)	3145	2659	5804	65.62
		District Total	20498	17783	38281	70.35
Tirap	54	Namsang	3080	2733	5813	65.89
	55	Khonsa(East)	3772	3133	6905	69.51
	56	Khonsa (West)	3073	2916	5989	70.30
	57	Borduria-Bogapani	2851	2792	5643	83.39
	58	Kanubari	3791	3509	7300	73.54
	59	Longding-Pumao	3414	3314	6728	72.45
	60	Pongchau-Wakka	5388	4506	9894	70.54
		District Total	25369	22903	48272	71.75
		State Total	254337	245242	499579	68.16

Annexure IV

Name of district	Assembly Constituency		Voters Turnout			Percentage
	No	Name	Male	Female	Total	
	1	2				
Tawang	1	Lumla	Un- contested			
	2	Tawang				
	3	Mukto				
		District Total				
West Kameng	4	Dirang	5517	5840	11357	83.09
	5	Kalaktang	3629	3665	7294	80.30
	6	Thrizino-Buragaon	5968	5350	11318	77.05
	7	Bomdila	3822	3810	7632	69.64
		District Total	18936	18665	37601	77.68
East Kameng	8	Bameng	3601	4068	7669	82.23
	9	Chyangtajo	3245	3561	6806	81.18
	10	Seppa (East)	3644	4690	8334	69.80
	11	Seppa (West)	2320	2769	5089	92.34
	12	Pakke-Kessang	2593	2984	5577	86.88
		District Total	15403	18072	33475	80.51
Papumpare	13	Itanagar	14235	15043	29278	50.50
	14	Doimukh	7828	8526	16354	63.12
	15	Sagalee	4483	5087	9570	79.72
		District Total	26546	28656	55202	57.57
Lower Subansiri	16	Yachuli	6151	7051	13202	80.29
	17	Ziro-Hapoli	7375	9099	16474	69.38
		District Total	13526	16150	29676	73.84
Kurung Kumey	18	Palin	5213	5960	11173	86.49
	19	Nyapin	3981	4768	8749	85.01
	20	Tali	3912	3864	7776	85.88
	21	Koloriang	4369	4566	8935	82.82
		District Total	17475	19158	36633	85.09
Upper Subansiri	22	Nacho	3138	3642	6780	83.00
	23	Taliha	3003	3438	6441	80.83
	24	Daporijo	5781	6598	12379	72.29
	25	Raga	6250	6874	13124	72.79
	26	Dumporijo	4404	4531	8935	74.26
		District Total	22576	25083	47659	75.26
West Siang	27	Liromoba	4393	4745	9138	77.24
	28	Likabali	3997	4153	8150	80.28
	29	Basar	6566	6935	13501	80.08
	30	Along (West)	4671	5132	9803	83.18
	31	Along (East)	4697	4706	9403	71.15
Upper Siang	32	Rumgong	4450	4732	9182	79.15
	33	Mechuka	3520	3945	7465	83.01
		District Total	32294	34348	66642	78.93
Upper Siang	34	Yingkiong-Tuting	4392	4246	8638	80.64

	40	Mariyang	4617	4696	9313	87.23
		District Total	9009	8942	17951	83.93
East Siang	35	Pangin	5467	5349	10816	83.72
	36	Nari-Koyu	2728	3058	5786	84.55
	37	Pasighat(West)	4794	5434	10228	82.69
	38	Pasighat(East)	7024	7540	14564	71.95
	39	Mebo	4572	4913	9485	88.48
		District Total	24585	26294	50879	80.64
Dibang Valley	41	Anini	1515	1667	3182	85.13
		District Total	1515	1667	3182	85.13
L/Dibang Valley	42	Dambuk	4713	4949	9662	90.59
	43	Roing	4588	4532	9120	81.93
		District Total	9301	9481	18782	86.16
Lohit	44	Tezu	6300	6263	12563	80.41
	46	Chowkham	5289	4834	10123	76.33
	47	Namsai	8190	7754	15944	83.25
	48	Lekang	5899	6046	11945	83.15
		District Total	25678	24897	50575	81.04
Anjaw	45	Hayuliang	4228	4572	8800	88.58
		District Total	4228	4572	8800	88.58
Changlang	49	Bordumsa-Diyun	6632	5921	12553	80.47
	50	Miao	7624	7507	15131	81.11
	51	Nampong	3335	3377	6712	87.09
	52	Changlang(South)	2101	2115	4216	90.96
	53	Changlang(North)	3726	3672	7398	81.18
		District Total	23418	22592	46010	82.59
Tirap	54	Namsang	3598	3453	7051	73.56
	55	Khonsa(East)	3651	3770	7421	71.86
	56	Khonsa (West)	3718	3992	7710	89.03
	57	Borduria-Bogapani	2888	2966	5854	85.50
	58	Kanubari	4582	4320	8902	89.91
	59	Longding-Pumao	4243	4560	8803	90.54
	60	Pongchau-Wakka	6342	5821	12163	86.57
			District Total	29022	28882	57904
		State Total	273512	287459	560971	77.48

Annexure V

Following Polling Stations have recorded the lowest Voter turnout in the State.

SL NO	DISTRICT NAME	AC NO. Name		No. & NAME OF POLLING STATION		PERCENTAGE
1	Tawang	2	TAWANG (ST)	11	REMITHANG	55.47
		2	TAWANG (ST)	12	GOVT. TOWN ME SCHOOL TAWNG	58.72
		2	TAWANG (ST)	14	KAKALING	62.41
2	West Kameng	6	THRIZINO-BURAGAON (ST)	41	KHELLONG	19.05
		5	KALAKTANG (ST)	28	RUPA TOWN (WEST WING)	24.48
		6	THRIZINO-BURAGAON (ST)	38	BHALUKPONG	28.51
		6	THRIZINO-BURAGAON (ST)	39	LOWER BHALUKPONG	31.30
		6	THRIZINO-BURAGAON (ST)	42	DOIMARA	50.54
		7	BOMDILA (ST)	7	NAFRA ADMIN HQ (EAST WING)	50.63
		5	KALAKTANG (ST)	19	ROWTA	51.61
		7	BOMDILA (ST)	1	BOMDILA URBAN - A	52.06
		7	BOMDILA (ST)	2	BOMDILA URBAN - B	57.46
		7	BOMDILA (ST)	3	BOMDILA URBAN - C	59.21
		7	BOMDILA (ST)	4	BOMDILA URBAN - D	60.55
		5	KALAKTANG (ST)	1	KALAKTANG TOWN	63.56
3	East Kameng	10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	21	NEW SEPPA	52.43
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	23	SEPPA TOWNSHIP - I	54.12
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	22	SEPPA TOWNSHIP - I	55.89
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	16	SEPPA TOWNSHIP - IV	59.42
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	19	SEPPA TOWNSHIP - II	59.65
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	20	SEPPA BAZAR AREA	60.71
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	15	SEPPA TOWNSHIP - III	61.33
		10	SEPPA EAST (ST)	17	SEPPA BAZAR AREA	63.58
4	Papumpare	13	ITANAGAR (ST)	13	D - SECTOR	32.94
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	14	F - SECTOR	33.10
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	12	D - SECTOR	37.13
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	55	POLO COLONY	39.40
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	37	NIRJULI	39.43
		14	DOIMUKH (ST)	31	KIMIN	39.54
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	5	P - SECTOR	40.48
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	3	P - SECTOR	40.59
		14	DOIMUKH (ST)	4	KARSINGSA	41.34
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	64	PACHIN COLONY	41.68
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	54	POLO COLONY	42.12
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	45	E - SECTOR	43.55
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	57	D - SECTOR	43.77
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	10	E - SECTOR	43.98
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	9	DONYI POLO COLONY VIDHYA BHAWAN	44.11
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	18	SENKI PARK	44.11
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	23	VIVEK VIHAR	44.34
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	26	MOWB - II	44.35		
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	52	DAMSITE	44.50		

13	ITANAGAR (ST)	51	FOREST COLONY (G - SECTOR)	44.63
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	11	E - SECTOR	44.82
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	15	G - EXTENSION	45.77
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	8	C - SECTOR	45.77
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	61	PAPU HILL	45.81
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	63	PAPU NALLAH	45.89
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	49	G - SECTOR	46.73
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	4	P - SECTOR	46.99
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	2	BANDERDEWA	47.12
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	44	E - SECTOR	47.17
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	38	NIRJULI	47.45
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	48	B - SECTOR	47.83
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	60	PAPU HILL	48.82
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	32	KIMIN	48.82
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	53	G - EXTENSION	48.97
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	50	G - SECTOR	49.11
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	1	BANDERDEWA	49.25
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	1	P - SECTOR	49.63
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	27	MOWB - II	49.79
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	12	DOIMUKH	50.04
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	19	H - SECTOR	50.14
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	3	KARSINGSA	50.32
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	56	D - SECTOR	50.38
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	62	PAPU NALLAH	51.50
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	16	G - SECTOR BUS STAND	51.60
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	17	G - SECTOR	51.72
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	7	C - SECTOR	51.82
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	30	KIMIN	52.04
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	36	NIRJULI	52.08
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	25	NITIVIHAR	52.55
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	2	'O' POINT TINALI	53.45
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	21	CHANDRA NAGAR	53.59
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	29	KIMIN	54.15
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	47	A - SECTOR	55.00
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	34	CHIMPU VILLAGE	55.01
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	59	C - SECTOR	55.27
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	6	C - SECTOR	55.83
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	11	DOIMUKH	56.11
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	20	H - SECTOR	56.12
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	58	C - SECTOR	56.48
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	6	EMCHI	56.65
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	32	GOHPUR TINALI, ITANAGAR	56.86
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	10	DOIMUKH	56.93
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	24	LOBI	57.02
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	46	A - SECTOR	57.48
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	28	BAT VILLAGE	57.85
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	43	OLD SECRETARIAT	58.69
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	31	GOHPUR TINALI, ITANAGAR	59.54
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	33	JOLLANG VILLAGE	59.92
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	29	GANGA VILLAGE	60.50
14	DOIMUKH (ST)	25	PICHOLA	60.67
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	22	CHANDRA NAGAR	61.96
13	ITANAGAR (ST)	39	NERIST	62.52

		14	DOIMUKH (ST)	22	BALIJAN	63.18
		13	ITANAGAR (ST)	35	TARAJULI VILLAGE	64.96
		14	DOIMUKH (ST)	7	MIDPU	65.02
5	Lower Subansiri	17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	24	HAPOLI – II	61.20
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	7	RERU – II	62.37
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	20	HONG - 3 (C)	63.27
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	21	HONG - 4(D)	63.85
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	6	RERU – I	63.90
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	25	HAPOLI – III	64.19
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	26	HAPOLI – IV	64.22
		17	ZIRO HAPOLI (ST)	28	HAPOLI - VI	64.25
		6	Kurung Kumey	20	TALI (ST)	3
20	TALI (ST)			17	PIPSORANG	53.73
20	TALI (ST)			12	LUKBIA	53.91
20	TALI (ST)			1	TALI H.Q.	55.09
7	Upper Subansiri	25	RAGA (ST)	36	TAMIN BLOCK- I	40.71
		25	RAGA (ST)	39	BOA SIMLA BLOCK- I	40.85
		25	RAGA (ST)	37	TAMIN BLOCK- II	41.48
		25	RAGA (ST)	21	RAGA – I	46.59
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	10	DAPORIJO EAST (C)	46.80
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	17	DUMPORIJO HQ - II	48.62
		25	RAGA (ST)	40	BOA SIMLA BLOCK- II	49.10
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	3	VETERINARY COLONY	49.36
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	7	BUI	49.43
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	16	DUMPORIJO HQ - I	49.76
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	9	DAPORIJO EAST (B)	50.88
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	4	DAPORIJO WEST (A)	50.92
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	8	DAPORIJO EAST (A)	51.61
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	6	DAPORIJO WEST (C)	52.08
		25	RAGA (ST)	22	RAGA – II	52.59
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	2	GIAMUKRIJO	54.48
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	11	DAPORIJO EAST (D)	54.86
		25	RAGA (ST)	46	KOLAPTUKAR	54.88
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	7	DAPORIJO WEST (D)	55.66
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	46	RIKO	56.20
		23	TALIHA (ST)	29	BARING	57.56
		22	NACHO (ST)	12	NACHO HQ	57.63
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	8	ULI	58.46
		25	RAGA (ST)	47	PARO	58.48
		25	RAGA (ST)	15	JIGI	58.59
		25	RAGA (ST)	27	PEL MILLI	58.70
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	5	DAPORIJO WEST (B)	58.71
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	47	BARIRIJO HQ	60.74
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	45	RUMTE	61.06
		25	RAGA (ST)	18	SODRIK	61.85
		24	DAPORIJO (ST)	32	ROJI	62.26
		25	RAGA (ST)	41	BANSCAMP	63.03
		22	NACHO (ST)	40	SINDAK	63.89
		26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	50	TODE	63.89
26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	34	TABA RIJO	63.97		
26	DUMPORIJO (ST)	1	DEBOM	64.71		
8	West Siang	31	ALONG EAST (ST)	9	AALO	44.50
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	10	AALO	49.18
		27	LIROMOBA (ST)	19	KAMBA	50.80

		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	13	BOGDO	51.28
		29	BASAR (ST)	14	DEKE	53.17
		32	RUMGONG (ST)	12	KAYING	53.41
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	12	BOGDO	57.37
		27	LIROMOBA (ST)	13	POTOM DEGI	58.15
		29	BASAR (ST)	28	BASAR MCP OFFICE	59.29
		29	BASAR (ST)	37	BASAR	60.23
		30	ALONG WEST (ST)	11	P.I.LINE	60.84
		29	BASAR (ST)	36	BASAR	61.49
		32	RUMGONG (ST)	9	GATE	62.56
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	8	AALO	62.83
		32	RUMGONG (ST)	7	BOGU	63.49
		27	LIROMOBA (ST)	6	DARAK	63.71
		27	LIROMOBA (ST)	10	KAMKI	64.29
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	1	AALO	64.47
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	2	AALO	64.61
		27	LIROMOBA (ST)	30	TAPIYOR	64.90
		31	ALONG EAST (ST)	3	AALO	64.92
10	Upper Siang	34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	24	YORTUNG	55.88
		34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	37	YINGKIONG (SOUTH)	58.92
		34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	26	TASHIGAON	59.78
		34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	25	MANKOTA	60.54
		34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	14	KOPU	63.86
		34	TUTING YINGKIONG (ST)	17	BISHING	64.56
11	East Siang	36	NARI-KOYU (ST)	13	JATE	12.50
		39	MEBO (ST)	4	RANAGHAT	30.00
		37	PASIGHAT WEST (ST)	17	D.P.T.E. OYAN (S/W)	47.23
		36	NARI-KOYU (ST)	5	KOYU HQ	55.56
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	4	HIGH REGION, PASIGHAT	55.75
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	11	LOWER REGION (NORTH WING) PASIGHAT	57.22
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	3	HIGH REGION, PASIGHAT	59.39
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	2	HIGH REGION, PASIGHAT	59.44
		35	PANGIN (ST)	1	PANGIN	60.62
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	12	LOWER REGION (SOUTH WING) PASIGHAT	61.64
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	13	LOWER REGION PASIGHAT	62.67
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	10	LOWER REGION (SOUTH WING) PASIGHAT	62.80
		38	PASIGHAT EAST (ST)	5	LOWER REGION, PASIGHAT	64.41
12	Dibang Valley	41	ANINI (ST)	40	MRAMBOO	33.33
15	Lohit	48	LEKANG (ST)	6	MAHADEVPUR TOWN	57.80
		46	CHOWKHAM (ST)	25	WAKRO HQ	62.49
		46	CHOWKHAM (ST)	11	NAMLIANG	63.03
		47	NAMSAI (ST)	18	NAMSAI BLOCK - IV	64.24
16	Changlang	53	CHANGLANG NORTH (ST)	21	CHANGLANG BSB AUDITORIUM (EAST)	58.56

		49	BORDUMSA - DIYUM (GEN)	6	BORDUMSA TOWN	60.13
		53	CHANGLANG NORTH (ST)	22	CHANGLANG BSB AUDITORIUM (WEST)	62.43
		53	CHANGLANG NORTH (ST)	19	CHANGLANG CLUB BUILDING (WEST)	63.12
		53	CHANGLANG NORTH (ST)	7	PANIKHETI	64.29
		49	BORDUMSA - DIYUM (GEN)	5	MOHONG MURA	65.05
17	Tirap	55	KHONSA EAST (ST)	2	KHONSA TOWN	44.17
		55	KHONSA EAST (ST)	6	KHONSA TOWN	45.38
		55	KHONSA EAST (ST)	4	KHONSA TOWN	54.29
		54	NAMSANG (ST)	1	NAMSANGMUKH	55.73
		54	NAMSANG (ST)	18	WASATHONG	56.40
		55	KHONSA EAST (ST)	5	KHONSA TOWN	58.37
		54	NAMSANG (ST)	21	DEOMALI TOWN (BLOCK - I)	60.71
		60	PONGCHAO WAKKA (ST)	21	NGINU VILLAGE - I	62.69
		54	NAMSANG (ST)	23	DEOMALI TOWN (BLOCK - III)	64.53

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