

**MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE**  
**(Legislative Department)**

*New Delhi, the 24th August, 2002/Bhadra 2,1924(Saka)*

THE REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE (AMENDMENT)  
ORDINANCE, 2002  
**No. 4 OF 2002**

Promulgated by the President in the Fifty-third Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance further to amend the Representation of the People Act, 1951.

WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:-

1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Representation of the People (Amendment) Ordinance, 2002. Short title and commencement
- (2) Save as otherwise provided in this Ordinance, the provisions of this Ordinance shall come into force at once.

Insertion of new section 33A. 2. After section 33 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 43 of 1951 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

Right to information "33A. (1) A candidate shall, apart from any information which he is required to furnish, under this Act or the rules made thereunder, in his nomination paper delivered under sub-section (1) of section 33, also furnish the information as to whether-

(i) he is accused of any offence punishable with imprisonment for two years or more in a pending case in *which* a charge has been framed by the court of competent Jurisdiction;

(ii) he has been convicted of an offence [other than any offence referred to in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), or covered in sub-section (3), of section 8] and sentenced to imprisonment for one year or more.

(2) The candidate or his proposer, as the case may be, shall, at the time of delivering to the returning officer the nomination paper under sub-section (1) of section 33, also deliver to him an affidavit sworn *by* the candidate in a prescribed form verifying the information specified in sub-section (1).

Insertion of new section 33B

(3) The returning officer shall, as soon as may be after the furnishing of information to him under sub-section (1), display the aforesaid information by affixing a copy of the affidavit, delivered under sub-section (2), at a conspicuous place at his office for the information of the electors relating to a constituency for which the nomination paper is delivered."

Candidate to furnish information only under the Act and rules

3. After section 33A of the principal Act as so inserted, the following section shall be inserted and shall be deemed to have been inserted with effect from the 2<sup>nd</sup> day of May, 2002, namely:-

"33B. Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, decree or order of any court or any direction, order or any other instruction issued by the Election Commission, no candidate shall be liable to disclose or furnish any such information, in respect of his election, which is not required to be disclosed or furnished under this Act or the rules made thereunder"

Insertion of new chapter VIIA

4. In Part V of the principal Act, after Chapter VII, the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely:-

## CHAPTER VIIA

### DECLARATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Declaration of assets and liabilities

75A. (1) Every elected candidate for a House of Parliament or the Legislature of a State shall, within ninety days *from* the date on which he makes and subscribes an oath or affirmation, according to the form set out *for* the purpose in the Third Schedule to the Constitution, for taking his seat in either House of Parliament or in the Legislative Assembly of a State or the Legislative Council of a State, as the case may be, furnish the information, relating to"

(i) the movable and immovable property of which he is the owner or a beneficiary;

(ii) his liabilities to any public financial institution; and

(iii) *his* liabilities to the Central Government or the State Government,

to the Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of the People or the Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State, as the case may be.

(2) The information under sub-section (1) shall be furnished in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed in the rules made under sub-section (3).

(3) The Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of the People or the Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State, as the case may be, may make rules for the purposes of sub-section (2).

(4) The rules made by the Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of the People or, as the case may be, by the Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State under sub-section (3) shall be laid, as soon as may be after they are made, before the Council of States or the House of the People or the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly, as the case may be, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions and shall take effect upon the expiry of the said period of thirty days unless they are sooner approved with or without modifications or disapproved by the Council of States or the House of the People or the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly and where they are so approved, they shall take effect on such approval in the form in which they were laid or in such modified form, as the case may be, and where they are so disapproved, they shall be of no effect.

(5) The Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of the People or, as the case may be, the Chairman of the Legislative Council of a State or the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of a State may direct that any wilful contravention of the rules made under sub-section (3) by an elected candidate referred to in sub-section (1) may be dealt with in the same manner as a breach of privilege of the Council of States or the House of the People or the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly, as the case may be.

*Explanation.* - For the purposes of this section, -

(i) "immovable property" means the land and includes any building or other structure attached to the land or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the land;

(ii) "movable property" means any other property which is not the immovable property and includes corporeal and incorporeal property of every description,

(iii) "public financial institution" means a public financial institution within the meaning of section 4A of the Companies Act, 1956 and includes bank; and 1 of 1956

(iv) "bank" referred to in clause (iii) means -

(a) "State Bank of India" constituted under section 3 of the State Bank of India Act, 1955; 23 of 1955

(b) "subsidiary bank" having the meaning assigned to it in clause (k) of section 2 of the State Bank of India (Subsidiary Banks) Act, 1959; 38 of 1959

(c) "Regional Rural Bank" established under section 3 of the Regional Rural Banks Act, 1976; 21 of 1976

(d) "corresponding new bank" having the meaning assigned to it in clause (da) of section 5 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; and 10 of 1949

(e) "co-operative bank" having the meaning assigned to it in clause (cci) of section 5 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as modified by sub-clause (i) of clause (c) of section 56 of that Act. 10 of 1949

Insertion of new section 125 A

5. ...After section 125 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted namely:-

Penalty for filing false affidavit, etc

"125A. A candidate who himself or through his proposer, with intent to be elected in an election. -

(i) fails to furnish information relating to subsection (i) of section 33A; or

(ii) gives false information which he knows or has reason to believe to be false; or

(iii) conceals any information,

in his nomination paper delivered under sub-section (/) of section 33 or in his affidavit which is required to be delivered under sub-section (2) of section 33A. as the case may be. shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law *for* the

time being in force, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both."

6. In section 169 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2). clause (a) shall be renumbered <sup>Amendment of</sup> as clause (aa) thereof, and before <sup>section 169</sup> clause (aa) as so renumbered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-

"(a) the form of affidavit under sub-section (2) of section 33A;"

A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM,  
*President.*

SUBHASH C. JAIN  
*Secy. to the Govt. of India.*